

O & M INSTRUCTION

PRODUCT GROUP 1620 ACTIVATED CARBON DISCARBS

Safety

It is recommended that industrial gloves, overalls, eye protection and nuisance dust masks are utilised when changing filters which have been subjected to natural air, as opposed to air drawn from processes, where full risk assessments should be performed prior to changing. For some filters, an assessment regarding manual handling will need to be made.

Changing of filters should be carried out by experienced or trained personnel, in accordance with safety requirements as defined by the "Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (COSHH) Regulations. ie. Someone who fully understands the design, operation and implications of the product and its use.

General

Withdraw and dispose of the filter to be replaced.

Replace with new filter.

Unlike a particulate filter the resistance will not vary as the carbon adsorbs the odours, and the time that a carbon filter will last before a new one is needed will vary according to the range and amount of odours.

A test sample filter can be supplied which you return to ourselves for analysis, which knowing how long it has been in service, we can then provide an approximate prediction as to when the filter will require replacement.

Disposal of Air Filters Including Personal Protective Equipment

- Filters and PPE have been damaged prior to use can be disposed of as normal industrial waste.
- Filters and PPE soiled with exterior air can be disposed of as normal industrial waste.
- Filters and PPE soiled by process air, bacterial, toxic and/or radioactive matter must be disposed of as Hazardous Waste in accordance with local regulations of the site and Environmental Health. Legislation prohibits removal of this waste from the site location.

For further information please contact Airclean Ltd